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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/514,420	11/15/2004	Stijn Vancompernolle	016782-0319	4358	
	7590 03/26/2007 LARDNER LLP		EXAMINER		
SUITE 500	TANY		HURLEY, SHAUN R		
3000 K STREE WASHINGTO	= = : : :		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		
,			3765		
SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE		
3 MO	NTHS	03/26/2007	PAPER		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summary		10/514,420	VANCOMPERNO	VANCOMPERNOLLE ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit					
		Shaun R. Hurley	3765					
Period fo	 The MAILING DATE of this communication or Reply 	appears on the cover sheet v	vith the correspondence a	ddress				
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RECHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING resions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication of period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by steply received by the Office later than three months after the red patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	G DATE OF THIS COMMUN R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a n. eriod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO statute, cause the application to become A	ICATION. The reply be timely filed PATHS from the mailing date of this ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status								
1) 🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 3	30 November 2006.						
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b)	This action is non-final.						
3)[Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
4)⊠	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-30</u> is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-30</u> is/are rejected.							
-	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)[8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Applicati	on Papers							
9)[The specification is objected to by the Exar	miner	•					
10)	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by th	e Examiner. Note the attache	ed Office Action or form P	PTO-152.				
Priority (ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	eign priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(á)-(d) or (f).					
	1: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
	application from the International Bu	ıreau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* 5	See the attached detailed Office action for a	list of the certified copies no	t received.					
Attachmen								
	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948		4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date					
3) Infon	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) Notice of	Informal Patent Application					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Uther:								

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-5, 8, 14, 15, 17, 19, 20, and 24-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shurman in view of Bruyneel et al (5784874).

Shurman teaches a metal strand for use in tires (abstract) comprising at least two metal filaments (side by side), at least one being interrupted providing one filament end in an interruption zone, wherein the filament end is fixed to the uninterrupted filaments of the strand using soldering (Column 5, lines 46-50). The fixing agent inherently providing a force at rupture of 50% and elongation at rupture of 80% of the properties afforded by the metal strand. While Shurman essentially teaches the invention as detailed, he fails to specifically teach a plied filament, which Bruyneel teaches as well known (Abstract). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made, to have utilized plied filaments, so as to create better bending rigidity, something desirable when working with bent and spiraled wire which is subject to radial forces. Likewise, Bruyneel teaches such a cord's obvious use in a rubber belt. In regards to the lay length of the weld, such would be obvious to the ordinarily skilled artisan based upon the strength required. Examiner would also like to note that in fact, if

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the weld were performed using just heat, the welded part would be indeterminable from the unwelded part, since only the cord material would be present.

In regards to the use of steel filaments, Shurman teaches in his specification that such metal filaments are well known (Background). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made, to utilize steel filaments in the strand of Shurman, so as to provide a workable metal filament at a reasonable cost. The ordinarily skilled artisan would have appreciated these benefits and would have known to use steel. Likewise, the ordinarily skilled artisan would have known to solder the steel in a smooth manner, maintaining filament diameter and thus allowing for easier future use, by avoiding bumps and raised areas, and would provide a lay length of 2.5 times the length, so as to ensure proper frictional strength against the remaining filaments. Those filament diameters, less than .25 mm, are well known in the reinforcing cord art.

3. Claims 21-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shurman in view of Bruyneel, and further in view of Coleman et al (4724929)

The combination of Shurman in view of Bruyneel essentially teaches the invention as discussed above, but fails to specifically teach the use of a metal cord in an elevator belt capable of hoisting, controlling, and suspending, which Coleman teaches (Abstract, Figure 4). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to have used the cord in an elevator belt as taught, so as to create a structure of increased strength. Elevator belts are well known, and the ordinarily skilled artisan would have appreciated the benefits provided and known to use the cord, so as to provide necessary strength to the belt structure.

Double Patenting

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8. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., In re Berg, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); In re Goodman, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); In re Longi, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); In re Van Ornum, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); In re Vogel, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and In re Thorington, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1-19 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type 9. double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1, 5-17, and 19-25 of copending Application No. 10/521409. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because each teaches a metal cord having at least one strand welded with minimum strength requirements. It is Examiner's opinion that as claimed, the structure of the two cords are anticipated by one another.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

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Conclusion

4. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Shaun R. Hurley whose telephone number is (571) 272-4986. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon - Fri, 8:00 am - 4:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gary Welch can be reached on (571) 272-4996. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Shaun R Hurley Primary Examiner Art Unit 3765

SRH 19 March 2007